

Vocabulary Reference

Algebra I

Name _____

- **Percents**

$$8\% = .08 = \frac{8}{100}$$

$$6.5\% = \frac{6.5}{100} = \frac{65}{1000} = .065$$

$$125\% = \frac{125}{100} = 1 \frac{25}{100} = 1.25$$

- **Circles**

Area of a circle

$$\pi r^2$$

Circumference of a circle

$$2\pi r \text{ or } \pi d$$

$r = \text{radius}$

$d = \text{diameter}$

π is the ratio of the circumference of a circle to its diameter. The circumference of any circle is approximately 3 times the diameter

- **Measurement**

length is measured in units

inches, feet

area is measured in square units

in²

volume is measured in cubic units

in³

- **Exponents (powers)**

$$x^3 = x \cdot x \cdot x$$

$$2^3 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$$

$$x^n \cdot x^m = x^{n+m}$$

$$3^2 \cdot 3^4 = 3^6$$

$$\frac{x^n}{x^m} = x^{n-m}$$

Is there a difference between $3x^2$ and $(3x)^2$?

try for $x = 2$

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- **Vocabulary** $3x^2 + 2x + 4$

standard form

descending values of exponent

$$3x^2 + 2x + 4 \quad \text{not} \quad 2x + 3x^2 + 4$$

expression

$$3x^2 + 2x + 4$$

equation

$$3x^2 + 2x + 4 = 5$$

terms

$3x^2$ and $2x$ are terms

coefficient

$3x^2$ (3 is the coefficient)
 $2x$ (2 is the coefficient)

variable

'x' is the variable (unknown)

constant

'4' is the constant term

- **Coordinate Plane**

axis

means line (plural form 'axes')

x axis

horizontal number line

y axis

vertical number line

quadrants

ordered pair

(x coordinate, y coordinate)

